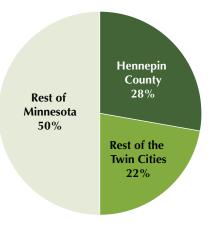
RuralReality: tourism

What's the economic impact on communities?



Tourism dollars go immediately into the local economy via hotel stays, eating out, shopping, transportation, fuel, and recreational activities. The funds paid to businesses go to wages, to income for the business owners, and to pay suppliers of goods and services both inside and outside the community. These people in turn go out and spend on further goods and services, an indirect impact.

Dollars also go to local and state sales taxes. Unlike other industries, nearly all tourism-related purchases collect sales tax.



Tourism dollars spent in the Twin Cities dominate statewide statistics.

Explore Minnesota, The Economic Impact of Expenditures by Travelers on Minnesota, June 2007-May 2008.



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Economic impact, Quality of life impact

In Greater Minnesota, tourism is about quality of life impact, not just economic impact. Tourism brings in money and creates jobs, but it also keeps small towns alive and interesting. Communities developing their tourism sector believe they have something of value to celebrate, for themselves, visitors, and people who may want to live there. **Even very small communities have the potential to do big things.**

What's less well known: How tourism impacts Greater Minnesota

There are few studies on tourism in Greater Minnesota, including how tourism impacts sites located in some of the state's most vulnerable natural settings. Tourists use much of the same infrastructure as residents, including roads, water and wastewater systems, and hospitals. **Grow Wing County** officials, for example, estimate that the 62,500-resident county welcomes **250,000 visitors** each summer, roughly the population of St. Paul.

 Lanesboro, pop. 754
The city developed and carried out a plan to make itself a destination for arts lovers.



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